ABSTRACTIVE TREATISE ON OBEUSE

BY PAUL COLINET

You need to blow hard to totally nowish OBEUSE.



OBEUSE IN ONLY ONE STITCH (definitive edition)



OBEUSE AND ONE OF HIS HORSES

(slowly undoing the redundant horse)



OBEUSE INSPECTING ONE OF THE SUMMITS OF GAURI SANKAR (difficult desent)



OBEUSE AMUSING

OBEUSE

(dildren admitted)



THE REFORMATORIES

OF OBEUSE

(in the middle one:

Alie in Wonderland

esto rubberhando)



HALF MARRIAGE

OF OBEUSE IN

A HAT

(accilented progress)



OBEUSE SHATTERING

SOME PORCELAIN

LUTES

IN THE CASTLE OF

NIGHT

(these lutes belonged to

marshal Foch)



WEDDING NIGHT OF THE TRUE OBEUSE (life sign)



UNIVERSITIES SQUASHED

BY TWO OBEUSES

(among mudists)



OBEUSE AT WORK ON FOOT ON HIS BATTLEFIELD

> (faminist sketch of OBEVSE himself whilst tathing)



PILE OF BIKES BELONGING TO OBEUSE, BECOME A PRIEST. (uit doors)

CONSECRATED

WALKING STICKS

DISAPPEARING FROM

VIEW OF

MILLIONS OF OBEUSES

THEMSELVES DISAPPEARED.

Afterword

According to the 2002 auction catalog of André Breton's library, where it appeared as item 323, *Traité Abstractif d'Obeuse* was a unique manuscript booklet inscribed: "This object is offered as a sign of friendship to André Breton who has enjoyed my vignettes, Paul Colinet, 1948." Probably though, there was at least one other copy, one used for the reproductions in volume four of Colinet's *Oeuvres*, published in Brussels in 1989 by Lebeer Hossmann, on which this facsimile is based (except for the cover, which is reconfigured from the image in the Breton auction catalog).

Colinet was 50 when he dedicated *Obeuse* to Breton, whom he'd met just a year before. Although Colinet had been active in Belgian Surrealist circles for 15 years or so, he didn't get around much. That is, he was an avid cyclist, but since 1919 he'd had a full time job as an accountant in the communal administration of Uccle, a suburb of Brussels. On the side, he published a little poetry. In the early '30s he met and became friends with the painter René Magritte, for whom, like other Surrealist writers in Brussels, he was soon suggesting picture titles. Through Magritte, he connected with Nougé and Scutenaire. Despite being relatively apolitical and disinclined to participate in factional fights, he began appearing regularly in Surrealist publications and in all the group photos. After

World War II, he helped found a number of experimental literary magazines in Belgium. He published widely, often in collaboration with other writers and visual artists (among whom his nephew Robert Willems figured prominently). He died in 1957.

Obeuse is unusual among Colinet's works, being what we now call an artist's book. Mostly he wrote short prose, lyric poetry, and essays, though he did some other captioned drawings of his own and wrote lots of captions for drawings by colleagues. Much of whatever he wrote was funny, in both senses. "He knew the secret of a humor at once warm and unsettling," Magritte said. One of the few books by Colinet that was published during his lifetime, Les histoires de la lampe, short prose and poetry, came out in Antwerp from Ça Ira in 1942. Five pieces from it were translated by Paul Bowles for the "Surrealism in Belgium" issue of Charles Henri Ford's View, 1946; many more, along with others from a later collection, La manivelle du château (Houyoux, 1954) were translated by Rochelle Ratner as issue 9 of Bob Heman's Clown War in 1975; to that selection, I have added some of my own translations to make up The Lamp's Tales and Other Short Prose, published by Pleasure Editions in early 2018.

According to another of Colinet's collaborators, Marcel Piqueray, Colinet had an aversion to certain words, for example, "linoleum."

Translated and facsimilized by M. Kasper
Afterword by M. Kasper

Ideas Have No Smell: Three Belgian Surrealist Booklets

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